# DURHAM COUNTY ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL BOARD (A Component Unit of Durham County Government)

**Financial Statements** 

June 30, 2017 and 2016

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Pages
Independent Auditor's Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-6
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statements of Net Position	7
Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	8-9
Statements of Cash Flows	10
Notes to Financial Statements	11-25
Supplementary Information:	
OPEB RSI Schedules	26-28
Schedules of Store, Warehouse, and Administrative Expenses	29-30
Reconciliation of Budget to Actual	31-32

Board of Directors Durham County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board Durham, North Carolina

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Durham County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board, a component unit of Durham County Government, which comprise the statements of net position as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Durham County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board, a component unit of Durham County Government, as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Other Post Employment Benefit schedules, and the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions on pages 3-6 and 26-28 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The Schedules of Store, Warehouse and Administrative Expenses and Reconciliation of Budget to Actual are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedules of Store, Warehouse and Administrative Expenses and Reconciliation of Budget to Actual are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Koonce, Wooten & Nagwood, LLP

Durham, North Carolina August 25, 2017

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)
Management's Discussion and Analysis
(Unaudited)

This section of Durham County Alcoholic Beverage Control (*ABC*) Board's (*the Board*) financial report represents management's discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Board for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. This information should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements included in this report.

# Financial Highlights

- Working capital (calculated as current assets less current liabilities) increased approximately 12% over the prior year.
- Change in net position before profit distributions increased 3.99% over the prior year.
- Approximately 9.5 percent of profits before distributions were expended for law enforcement in the current year.
- Over 5 percent (5.3%) of profits before distributions were expended for alcohol education in the current year.
- Over 6 percent (6.47%) of gross sales were distributed to the City of Durham and Durham County governmental units in the current year.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

The audited financial statements of the Board consist of three components. They are as follows:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Additional Information Required by the North Carolina ABC Commission

The *Basic Financial Statements* are prepared using the full accrual basis of accounting. They consist of three statements. The first statement is the **Statement of Net Position**. Assets and liabilities are classified between current and long-term. This statement provides a summary of the Board's investment in assets and obligations to creditors. Liquidity and financial flexibility can be evaluated using the information contained in this statement.

The next statement is the **Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position**. This statement is used in evaluating whether the Board has recovered all of its costs through sales. Its information is used in determining credit worthiness.

The final required statement is the **Statement of Cash Flows**. This statement reports cash inflows and outflows in the following categories: operating, investing, capital and related financing and noncapital financing activities. Based on this data, the user can determine the sources of cash, the uses of cash, and the change in cash.

The notes to the financial statements provide more detailed information and should be read in conjunction with the statements.

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)
Management's Discussion and Analysis
(Unaudited)

The North Carolina ABC Commission requires some schedules in addition to the information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. They include a **Schedule of Store**, **Warehouse and Administrative Expenses** and a **Reconciliation of Budget to Actual**.

# Financial Analysis of Durham County ABC Board

Net Position is an indicator of the fiscal health of the Board. Assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$10,739,155 in 2017, by \$9,642,099 in 2016, and by \$8,534,444 in 2015. The largest component of net position was the investment in capital assets. It was 50% of the total net position for 2017, 55% for 2016, and 59% for 2015. Following is a summary of the Statement of Net Position:

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

								\$ Change	% Change
							T	his Yr Over	This Yr Over
	J	une 30, 2017	Jı	une 30, 2016	Jı	ine 30, 2015		Last Yr	Last Yr
Current assets	\$	9,365,414	\$	7,973,941	\$	7,521,012	\$	1,391,473	17.45%
Non-current assets	-	6,112,687	_	6,081,730	_	6,026,123	_	30,957	0.51%
Total assets	\$ _	15,478,101	\$ _	14,055,671	\$ _	13,547,135	\$ _	1,422,430	10.12%
Current liabilities	\$	3,846,409	\$	3,055,146	\$	3,420,387	\$	791,263	25.90%
Non-current liabilities	-	1,413,195	_	1,300,788	_	1,258,219	_	112,407	8.64%
Total liabilities	\$	5,259,604	\$ _	4,355,934	\$ _	4,678,606	\$ _	903,670	20.75%
Net Position									
Net investment in capital assets	\$	4,954,153	\$	4,823,397	\$	4,671,928	\$	130,756	2.71%
Restricted net position		1,061,280		1,001,653		923,959		59,627	5.95%
Unrestricted net position	-	4,723,722	_	3,817,049	-	2,938,557	_	906,673	23.75%
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$	10,739,155	\$	9,642,099	\$	8,534,444	\$_	1,097,056	11.38%

For June 30, 2017, the increase in liabilities over the prior year was due primarily to an increase in net pension liability. The increase in assets over the prior year was due primarily to an increase in cash.

For June 30, 2016, the decrease in liabilities over the prior year was due primarily to a decrease in accounts payable and notes payable. The increase in assets over the prior year was due primarily to an increase in cash and inventory.

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)
Management's Discussion and Analysis
(Unaudited)

Net position as of June 30, 2017 increased by 11.38% from June 30, 2016 compared to a 12.98% increase between 2016 and 2015. Income from operations increased by 3.1% over the prior year and by 10.2% between 2016 and 2015. Following is a summary of the changes in net position:

Table 2 Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

							\$ Change	% Change
						Т	his Yr Over	This Yr Over
	June 30, 2017	Jı	ine 30, 2016	Jı	ine 30, 2015		Last Yr	Last Yr
Operating revenues \$	36,072,852	\$	34,129,036	\$	31,488,457	\$	1,943,816	5.70%
Less: Taxes on gross sales	8,475,431	_	8,032,355	_	7,428,896	_	443,076	5.52%
Net Sales	27,597,421		26,096,681	_	24,059,561	_	1,500,740	
Less: Cost of sales	18,678,906	_	17,645,529	_	16,256,886	_	1,033,376	5.86%
Gross Profit	8,918,515		8,451,152		7,802,675		467,364	5.53%
Less: Operating expenses	4,874,992	_	4,530,877	_	4,245,141	_	344,115	7.59%
Income from Operations	4,043,523		3,920,275		3,557,534		123,248	3.14%
Non-operating expenses, net	(16,999)	_	(48,097)	_	(50,964)	_	31,098	-64.66%
Change in net position								
Before Distributions	4,026,524		3,872,178		3,506,570		154,347	3.99%
Less: Distributions	2,929,468	_	2,764,523	_	2,461,558	_	164,945	5.97%
Change in Net Position	1,097,056		1,107,655		1,045,012		(10,598)	0.96%
Net Position - Beginning	9,642,099	_	8,534,444	_	7,769,756	_	1,107,655	12.98%
Net Position - Beginning, Restated		_		_	7,489,432	_		
Net Position - Ending \$	10,739,155	\$ _	9,642,099	\$ _	8,534,444	\$ _	1,097,056	11.38%

For 2017, gross sales were up \$1,943,816 (+5.70%). This was the net result of an increase in retail sales and mixed beverage sales (sales to permit holders such as bars, restaurants, and hotels).

For 2016, gross sales were up \$2,640,579 (+8.39%). This was the net result of an increase in retail sales and mixed beverage sales (sales to permit holders such as bars, restaurants, and hotels).

Following is a breakdown of gross sales by source:

								\$ Change	% Change
							T	his Yr Over	This Yr Over
	J	une 30, 2017	Jı	ane 30, 2016	J	une 30, 2015		Last Yr	Last Yr
Retail Liquor Sales	\$	28,517,050	\$	26,907,391	\$	24,961,222	\$	1,609,659	5.98%
Mixed Beverage Sales		7,551,675		7,214,339		6,487,853		337,336	4.68%
Retail Wine Sales	_	4,127	_	7,306		39,382	_	(3,179)	-43.51%
Total Gross Sales	\$	36,072,852	\$	34,129,036	\$	31,488,457	\$_	1,943,816	5.70%

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)
Management's Discussion and Analysis
(Unaudited)

In 2017, both retail and mixed beverage sales experienced increases compared to 2016.

# **Capital Assets**

Investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2017, totals \$6,112,687 (net of accumulated depreciation).

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following:

- Building repairs and improvements in the amount of \$213,961.
- New law enforcement equipment in the amount of \$23,506
- New technology and equipment upgrades and replacements in the amount of \$211,024.

Table 3
Capital Assets
(net of depreciation)

								\$ Change	% Change
							Г	This Yr Over	This Yr Over
	_Ju	ine 30, 2017	Ju	ine 30, 2016	Jı	ine 30, 2015		Last Yr	Last Yr
Land	\$	2,255,345		2,255,345		2,255,345	\$		0.00%
Work in progress				11,832		70,571		(11,832)	-100.00%
Buildings and improvements		3,022,471		3,043,782		3,000,253		(21,311)	-0.70%
Vehicles		45,155		37,321		21,404		7,834	20.99%
Furniture and equipment		443,162		372,426		332,298		70,736	18.99%
Law Enforcement		346,554		361,024		346,252		(14,470)	-4.01%
Total	•	6,112,687	•	6,081,730	\$	6,026,123	¢	30,957	0.51%
Total	Φ =	0,112,007	Φ =	0,081,730	Φ=	0,020,123	Ψ	30,937	0.5170

Additional information on the Board's capital assets can be found in Note 1 of the Basic Financial Statements.

#### **Debt Administration**

The largest component of long-term liabilities is notes payable. It decreased by \$488,647 from the prior year.

#### **Requests for Information**

This report is intended to provide a summary of the financial condition of the Durham County ABC Board. Questions or requests for additional information should be addressed to Rufus Sales, General Manager, Durham County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board, 2634 Durham Chapel Hill Boulevard, Durham, North Carolina 27707.

# DURHAM COUNTY ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL BOARD (A Component Unit of Durham County Government) Statements of Net Position June 30, 2017 and 2016

		2017		2016
ASSETS		_		_
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,272,293	\$	4,816,563
Inventories		2,781,338		2,914,619
Prepaid expenses		311,783	_	242,759
Total current assets	_	9,365,414		7,973,941
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets:				
Land		2,255,345		2,255,345
Depreciable capital assets, net		3,510,788		3,465,361
Law enforcement, net		346,554		361,024
Total noncurrent assets	-	6,112,687	_	6,081,730
	-	, ,	_	
Total assets	\$ =	15,478,101	\$_	14,055,671
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES - Pension Deferrals	\$_	558,485	\$_	138,952
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable		990,884		574,000
Distributions payable		1,130,354		1,155,278
State taxes payable		678,670		632,886
Accrued expenses:				
Liabilities		340,922		281,616
Payroll and related costs		58,980		166,190
Sales tax payable		158,028		145,453
Current portion of long-term debt		488,571		99,723
Total current liabilities	_	3,846,409		3,055,146
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Long-term debt, net of current portion		669,963		1,158,610
Accrued vacation		117,568		108,311
Net pension liability		625,664		142,178
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	1,413,195		1,409,099
Total liabilities	\$ _	5,259,604	\$_	4,464,245
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - Pension Deferrals	\$	37,827	\$	88,279
	=			
NET POSITION:				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	4,954,153	\$	4,823,397
Restricted for working capital:		1,061,280		1,001,653
Unrestricted	_	4,723,722	_	3,817,049
Total net position	\$ _	10,739,155	\$_	9,642,099

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)
Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

		2017		2016
OPERATING REVENUE: Liquor sales-regular	\$	28,517,050	\$	26,907,391
Mixed beverage sales	Ф	7,551,675	Ф	7,214,339
Wine sales		4,127		7,214,335
Total gross sales	-	36,072,852	_	34,129,036
	-	, ,	_	, ,
DEDUCT TAXES ON GROSS SALES:		7.750.017		7.210.000
State excise tax Minad bayang a tay (Payanya)		7,750,917 572,413		7,318,908
Mixed beverage tax (Revenue) Mixed beverage tax (Human Resources)		57,241 57,241		563,853 55,299
Rehabilitation tax		94,573		93,785
Wine sales tax		287		510
Total taxes on gross sales	_	8,475,431	_	8,032,355
Total taxes on gloss sales	-	0,475,451	_	0,032,333
NET SALES	_	27,597,421	_	26,096,681
DEDUCT COST OF SALES:				
Cost of liquor sold		18,676,471		17,640,574
Cost of wine sold		2,435		4,955
Total cost of sales	_	18,678,906		17,645,529
GROSS PROFIT ON SALES	_	8,918,515	_	8,451,152
DEDUCT OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Store expenses		3,164,010		2,966,894
Warehouse and delivery expenses		520,145		425,048
Administrative expenses		907,052		879,265
Depreciation expenses		283,785		259,670
Total operating expenses	_	4,874,992		4,530,877
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	_	4,043,523	_	3,920,275
NON-OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES:				
Interest income		323		329
Interest expense		(39,730)		(48,426)
Other income		113,119		
Loss on disposal of assets	_	(90,711)	_	
Total non-operating revenues and expenses	_	(16,999)		(48,097)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE DISTRIBUTIONS	_	4,026,524	_	3,872,178
DEDUCT:				
Law Enforcement		382,715		344,528
Alcohol education/rehabilitation		213,420		197,795
Total distributions	-	596,135	_	542,323
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				
BEFORE PROFIT DISTRIBUTIONS (Forward)		3,430,389		3,329,855
	-			

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)
Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE PROFIT DISTRIBUTIONS (Forwarded)		2017		2016
		3,430,389	\$	3,329,855
PROFIT DISTRIBUTIONS:				
City of Durham		233,333		222,200
County of Durham		2,100,000		2,000,000
Total profit distributions	_	2,333,333	_	2,222,200
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1,097,056		1,107,655
NET POSITION - Beginning of year	_	9,642,099	_	8,534,444
NET POSITION - End of year	\$	10,739,155	\$	9,642,099

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)

# Statements of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

		2017		2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services and taxes on sales Cash payments to employees for services Sales taxes paid Other operating receipts Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	36,072,852 (19,957,942) (2,838,406) (8,417,072) 113,119 4,972,551	\$	34,129,036 (20,157,518) (2,493,547) (7,953,550) 3,524,421
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of capital assets Interest paid on loans Principal paid on loan maturities Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	-	(448,147) (39,730) (99,799) (587,676)	-	(356,161) (48,426) (95,862) (500,449)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Law enforcement distributions Alcohol education distributions Profit distributions to primary government Net cash used by non-capital financing activities	-	(382,715) (213,420) (2,333,333) (2,929,468)	_ _	(344,528) (197,795) (2,222,200) (2,764,523)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest on investments Net cash provided by investing activities	-	323 323	-	329 329
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		1,455,730		259,778
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of year	-	4,816,563	_	4,556,785
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of year	\$ _	6,272,293	\$_	4,816,563
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Income from Operations Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to	\$	4,043,523	\$	3,920,275
net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation Other income Changes in assets and liabilities		326,479 113,119		300,554
Inventories Prepaid expenses Accounts payable State taxes payable Accrued liabilities Accrued payroll and related costs Accrued sales tax payable Net pension asset and liability Deferred inflows and outflows of resources for pensions	_	133,281 (69,024) 416,884 45,784 34,382 (97,953) 12,575 483,486 (469,985)	_	(261,373) (118,255) (403,944) 65,524 33,947 30,515 13,281 328,655 (384,758)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	4,972,551	\$	3,524,421

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2017 and 2016

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Principles Used in Determining the Scope of the Entity for Financial Reporting:

The Durham County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board (the Board), a component unit of Durham County Government, North Carolina reporting entity, is a corporate body with powers outlined by North Carolina General Statues Chapter 18B-701. The County's governing body appoints the Board.

The Board is required by State Statute to distribute a portion of its surpluses to the General Fund of the County and its municipalities, which represents a financial benefit to the County and its municipalities. Therefore, the Board is reported as a discretely presented component unit in the County's financial statements.

# B. Organizational History:

The Board was organized under the provisions of the Pasquotank Act in 1937, and implemented by a county wide vote on May 15, 1937, at which time the Durham County Commissioners appointed three individuals to serve on the Board with terms of three years. In 2001 the County Commissioners added two more individuals to serve on the Board bringing the total to five Board members.

The Board, as provided by North Carolina Alcoholic Beverage Control laws, operates eight retail liquor stores, one mixed beverage location, and three combination retail/mixed beverage stores and, through its law enforcement division, investigates violations of such laws. North Carolina General Statute [18B-805(c)(2)(3)] requires that the Board expend at least 5% of profits for law enforcement, and at least 7% of the same profits for alcohol education and rehabilitation purposes.

#### C. Basis of Presentation:

All activities of the Board are accounted for within a single proprietary (enterprise) fund. Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or the change in net position is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

#### D. Basis of Accounting:

The financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. All sales are made by cash, check, debit or credit card and recorded at the time of sale. Other revenues are recorded when earned. Expenses are recognized when incurred.

#### E. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the statement of Net Position date, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are used to determine depreciation expense and other post-employment benefit expenses. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2017 and 2016

#### 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

# F. Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset and liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and addition to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The ABC Board's employer contributions are recognized when due and the ABC Board has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position

#### A. Deposits:

All deposits of the Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are collateralized as required by State Law G.S. 159-31. The Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings and loan association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

All of the Board's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Board's agent in the Board's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the Board agent in the Board's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Board or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Board has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits; however, it is the current informal policy to follow State requirements.

At June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Board's deposits had a carrying amount of \$6,244,833 and \$4,788,488, respectively, and a bank balance of \$5,951,337 and \$5,789,048, respectively. All of the bank balance was either insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized under the pooling method described above.

#### B. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Board considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of six months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2017 and 2016

#### 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Concluded)</u>

#### C. Inventories:

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (FIFO) or market.

#### D. Capital Assets:

Capital Asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

		Balance 06/30/16		Increases	]	Decreases		Balance 6/30/2017
Capital assets not being depreciated								_
Land	\$	2,255,345	\$		\$		\$	2,255,345
Work in progress		11,832				11,832		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	2,267,177	-		_	11,832	_	2,255,345
Capital assets being depreciated								
Buildings and improvements		4,791,598		213,961		105,401		4,900,158
Furniture/Equipment		1,407,497		203,180		157,077		1,453,600
Vehicles		95,669		15,000				110,669
Law enforcement		640,026		28,179				668,205
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	6,934,790	-	460,320		262,478	-	7,132,632
Total capital assets		9,201,967		460,320		274,310		9,387,977
Less accumulated depreciation								
Buildings and improvements		1,747,816		145,553		15,682		1,877,687
Furniture/Equipment		1,035,071		131,111		155,744		1,010,438
Vehicles		58,348		7,166				65,514
Law enforcement		279,002		42,649				321,651
Total Accumulated Depreciation	_	3,120,237	-	326,479		171,426	_	3,275,290
Capital assets-net	\$_	6,081,730					\$_	6,112,687

When an asset is disposed of, the cost of the asset and the related accumulated depreciation are removed from the books. Any gain or loss on disposition is reflected in other income for the period.

#### E. Long-Lived Assets:

Long-lived assets to be held and used are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the related carrying amount may not be recoverable. When required, impairment losses on assets to be held and used are recognized based on the excess of the asset's carrying amount over the fair value of the asset. Long-lived assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell.

#### 2. Net Position

Net Position consists of the following:

Net investment in capital assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, including any restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2017 and 2016

#### 2. <u>Net Position (Continued)</u>

Restricted for law enforcement – This applies only when the Board employs its own ABC officer.

Restricted for capital improvements – State law [G.S. 18B-805(d)] requires approval of the appointing authority to establish this account.

Restricted for working capital – North Carolina Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission Rule [.0902] defines working capital as the total of cash, investments and inventory less all unsecured liabilities. An ABC Board shall set its working capital requirements at not less than two weeks' average gross sales of the last fiscal year (legally required minimum) or greater than three months' average gross sales of the last fiscal year. Average gross sales means gross receipts from the sale of alcoholic beverages less distributions required by State law [G.S. 18B-805(b), (2), (3), and (4)].

*Unrestricted net position* – This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of *restricted* or *net investment in capital assets*.

#### 3. <u>Pension Plan Obligations and Other Post-Employment Benefits</u>

#### Local Government Employees' Retirement System

#### A. Plan Description:

The Board is a participating employer in the statewide Local Government Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

#### B. Benefits Provided:

LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age or have completed five years of service and have reached aged 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains on the plan.

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2017 and 2016

#### 3. Pension Plan Obligations and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

#### C. Contributions:

Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Board employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Board's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017, was 8% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.36% for general employees. Actuarially determined, this amount, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Board were \$160,184 and \$130,609 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

#### D. Refunds of Contributions:

Board employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the Board reported a liability of \$625,664 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Board's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the Board's proportion was 0.0295%, which was a decrease of 0.0022% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2017 and 2016

#### 3. Pension Plan Obligations and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Board recognized pension expense of \$163,333. At June 30, 2017, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	O	Deferred utflows of Resources	Iı	Deferred offlows of desources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	11,755	\$	21,924
Changes of assumptions		42,852		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investmens		337,573		
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate shrare of contribitions		6,159		15,903
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date *		160,146		
	\$	558,485	\$	37,827

<sup>\*</sup> Amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date.

\$160,146 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	
2017	\$ 53,210
2018	53,306
2019	164,366
2020	89,630
2021	
Thereafter	
	\$ 360,512

### **Actuarial Assumptions:**

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.5 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	2.71 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2017 and 2016

#### 3. Pension Plan Obligations and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

Valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2015 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Allocation	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
	100.0%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2016 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

#### **Discount Rate:**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2017 and 2016

#### 3. Pension Plan Obligations and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

# Sensitivity of the Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the Board's proportionate share of what the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

		Current					
	1% Decrease (6.25%)		Dis	Discount Rate		% Increase	
			(7.25%)		(8.25%)		
ABC Board's proportionate share of				<u> </u>			
the net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,484,993	\$	625,664	\$	(92,111)	

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

#### **Death Benefits:**

The Board has also elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contribution membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The Board has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the Post Employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. The Board considers these contributions to be immaterial.

#### Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

#### A. Plan Description:

The Board contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan, a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2017 and 2016

#### 3. Pension Plan Obligations and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

#### B. Funding Policy:

Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 required the Board to contribute each month and amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ending June 30, 2017 were \$23,499, which consisted of \$5,947 from the Board and \$17,552 from the law enforcement officers. Contributions for the year ending June 30, 2016 were \$30,068, which consisted of \$5,666 from the Board and \$24,402 from the law enforcement officers.

# Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

# A. Plan Description:

From 1997 until January 16, 2007 the Board had a policy to provide health insurance benefits to retirees. Retirees with at least 30 years of service were provided health insurance at no cost to the retiree through continuing enrollment (employee-only coverage) in the Board's health insurance plan until age 65. At age 65, a supplemental health insurance policy was provided at the Board's cost for the retiree's lifetime. This benefit was also available under certain early retirement elections, but with early retirement the benefit was paid for fully by the retiree and ceased at age 65. On January 16, 2007 the Board terminated the health insurance benefit for future retirees under a 12 year transition plan that will end on June 30, 2019. During the transition plan period (January 16, 2007 to June 30, 2019) retirees may participate in the Board's health insurance plan by paying either a portion or all of the premium but the benefit ceases at age 65. Health benefits for future retirees will be fully eliminated for retirements beyond the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.

#### B. Funding Policy:

Retiree health insurance benefits have been funded on a pay as you go basis so no funds are set aside to pay these benefits.

# C. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Postemployment expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administration costs. The expenditures are paid as they come due.

#### D. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation:

Unfunded accrued actuarial liability (UAAL) has been computed at \$721,062 at June 30, 2017 and \$715,543 at June 30, 2016. The Board has elected to use a 30 year amortization period. When the UAAL of \$721,062 is divided by 30 years the amortized payment is calculated at \$24,035. This payment is then adjusted for the present value of interest of \$1,622 which is added to this payment to bring the total amortized payment to \$25,657. The actual amount the Board spent during the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$43,347 and for June 30, 2016 was \$47,349. The Board has elected not to record the resulting difference of \$17,690 for June 30, 2017 as an asset on the financial statements.

#### E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

The Board's Annual Required Contribution and OPEB Obligation were calculated as required by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 45 – Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The Board's plan has less than 100 plan members so the calculations used the Alternative Method allowed by GASB and did not involve an actuarial valuation.

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2017 and 2016

# 3. <u>Pension Plan Obligations and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)</u>

# Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

#### A. Plan Description:

The Board administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Board's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Board are covered by the Separation Allowance. At June 30, 2017, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	_
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	3
	3

#### B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting – The Board has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized as expenses when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

- Contributions to the pension plan and earnings on those contributions are irrevocable
- Pension plan assets are dedicated to providing benefits to plan members
- Pension plan assets are legally protected from the creditors or employers, nonemployer contributing entities, the plan administrator, and plan members

#### C. Contributions:

The Board is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The Board's obligation to make these payments was established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly.

The Board has chosen not to have an actuarial study performed because the liability is considered to be immaterial.

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2017 and 2016

#### 4. <u>Law Enforcement Division</u>

The statements of Net Position of the Board include land, building improvements, equipment, and motor vehicles of the Law Enforcement Division. However, the depreciation expense for these assets is charged directly to the Law Enforcement Division so as to properly reflect the Division's expenses.

# 5. <u>Lease Commitments</u>

The Board has leased one store property under a lease agreement which expires February 2021, and its home office location under a lease agreement which expires May 2022. Each lease requires a minimum monthly rental payment. Rent expense for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 was \$79,294 and \$64,704, respectively.

The lease payment schedule is as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	
2018	\$ 132,232
2019	135,848
2020	139,580
2021	121,100
2022	43,328
	\$ 572,088

#### 6. Vacation and Sick Leave Compensation

Board employees may accumulate up to thirty days earned vacation and such leave is fully vested when earned. Accumulated earned vacation at June 30, 2017 and 2016 amounted to \$117,568 and \$108,311, respectively. The current portion of the accumulated vacation pay is not considered to be material.

Employees can accumulate an unlimited amount of sick leave. Sick leave may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Board has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accural for sick leave has been made.

# 7. Local Distributions of Income

North Carolina G.S. 18B-805 requires that the minimum distribution set aside in (c)(1) and any profit remaining after deducting amounts required for law enforcement and alcohol education and retaining proper working capital, be paid quarterly to the appointing authority.

The Board has made distributions for the years ending June 30 as follows:

Store Location	 2017	 2016		
90% County of Durham	\$ 2,100,000	\$ 2,000,000		
10% City of Durham	\$ 233,333	\$ 222,200		

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2017 and 2016

#### 8. <u>Law Enforcement and Alcohol Education Expenses</u>

The Board is required by law to expend at least 5% of its profits for law enforcement purposes. Profits are defined by law for these calculations as change in net position before law enforcement and educational expenses, less the 3.5% markup provided in G.S. 18B-804(b)(5) and the bottle charge provided for in G.S. 18B-804(b)(6b).

	2017		2016
Profit before distributions	\$ 4,026,524	\$	3,872,178
Less: 3½% tax and bottle charge	904,274		947,606
Profit subject to expense percentages	\$ 3,122,250	\$	2,924,572
Law enforcement expendituresActual	\$ 382,715	\$	344,528
(Percentage of profit)	 12.26%	=	11.78%
Provision for alcohol education and rehabilitationActual	\$ 213,420		197,795
(Percentage of profit)	 6.84%	<del></del>	6.76%

# 9. Disbursement of Taxes Included in Selling Price

A state excise tax at the rate of 30% on the liquor (net sales) price is charged monthly on sales (excluding wine sales). Transactions for this account for the year are summarized as follows:

		2017	2016
Taxes payable July 1	\$	574,532	\$ 514,458
Taxes collected during the year		7,882,073	7,882,073
Taxes remitted to Department of Revenue		(7,837,990)	(7,821,999)
	_		
Taxes payable June 30	\$	618,615	\$ 574,532

The excise tax is computed in accordance with G.S. 18B-805(i), and is included in State Taxes Payable in the Statements of Net Position.

The accrued North Carolina excise tax at June 30, 2017, was remitted to the North Carolina Department of Revenue on July 15, 2017.

An additional bottle charge as provided for in G.S. 18B-804(b)(6b) of one cent on each bottle containing 50 milliliters or less and five cents on each bottle containing more than 50 milliliters is collected and distributed monthly for alcohol education and rehabilitation.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, payments to the County and its municipalities were based on the following bottle sales:

Regular bottles Mixed beverage bottles Miniature bottles	1,466,434 at 5 cents = 294,486 at 5 cents = 652,734 at 1 cent =	\$	73,322 14,724 6,527
Total payment for the year		\$_	94,573

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

#### 9. <u>Disbursement of Taxes Included in Selling Price (Continued)</u>

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, payments to the County and its municipalities were based on the following bottle sales:

Regular bottles Mixed beverage bottles Miniature bottles	1,459,986 at 5 cents = \$ 289,460 at 5 cents = 631,280 at 1 cent =	72,999 14,473 6,313
Total payment for the year	\$_	93,785

A "mixed beverage tax" as provided for in G.S.18B-804(b)(8) at the rate of \$20 per 4 liters is charged on the sale of liquor to be resold as mixed beverages. One-half of the mixed beverage tax is submitted monthly to the Department of Revenue. Five percent of the mixed beverage tax is submitted monthly to the Department of Health and Human Services.

The mixed beverage tax for the year was:

	2017	2016
Department of Revenue (50%)	\$ 572,413	\$ 563,853
Department of Health and Human Services (5%)	57,241	55,299
Profit retained and remitted to local government (45%)	515,172	508,554
	\$ 1,144,826	\$ 1,127,706

#### 10. Bailment Surcharge Collected

The total amount of surcharge collected for the fiscal years June 30, 2017 and 2016 was \$243,177 and \$239,288, respectively. The current rate is \$1.40 per case.

# 11. <u>Liquor Sales Tax</u>

The total amount of sales tax collected by the Board and remitted to the Department of Revenue for the fiscal years June 30, 2017 and 2016 was \$1,992,283 and \$1,879,592, respectively. The current sales tax rate is 7%. This tax is collected as agent for the State in each sales transaction and remitted each month to the State. This tax is not shown in the Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2017 and 2016

# 12. Retail Outlets

The ABC Board operated eight retail outlets, five of which also sold mixed beverages:

		Gross Sales			Change in	Net F	Position	
			Year End	ed Ju	ine 30,	Year End	ed Ju	ne 30,
Store #	Store Address		2017		2016	2017		2016
1	1930 Holloway St.	\$	3,801,022	\$	3,656,585	\$ 572,314	\$	528,193
3	2806 Hillsborough Rd.		6,171,813		5,944,047	1,047,479		1,039,114
4	2121 T.W. Alexander Dr.		2,697,979		2,526,309	262,446		277,562
8	5234 Roxboro Rd.		2,510,802		2,407,912	285,750		281,863
10	5202 Highway 55		5,467,829		5,077,220	908,975		845,114
11	3620 Chapel Hill Blvd.		7,788,495		7,132,454	1,341,181		1,208,169
12	3318 Guess Rd.		3,625,032		3,373,419	496,217		476,321
14	4717 Hope Valley Rd.	_	4,009,880	_	4,011,090	 606,769	_	617,597
		\$	36,072,852	\$	34,129,036	\$ 5,521,131	\$	5,273,933

#### 13. Working Capital

The Board is required by the Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission rule [.0902] to set its working capital requirements at not less than two weeks average gross sales of the last fiscal year. (Gross sales are gross receipts from the sale of alcoholic beverages less distributions as defined in G.S. 18B-805(b)(2), (3), and (4)).

Minimum amount	\$ 1,061,280
Maximum amount	\$ 6,898,323
Actual amount	\$ 5,558,619

The Board has met the minimum amount of working capital required by ABC law as shown above.

# 14. Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board has commercial property, general liability, auto liability, workmen's compensation, data breach, flood, wind & hail, public officials liability/employment practice and employee health coverage. The Board also has liquor legal liability coverage.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

In accordance with G.S. 18B-700(i), each board member and the employees designated as the general manager and finance officer are bonded in the amount of \$50,000, secured by a corporate surety.

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2017 and 2016

# 15. <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

A summary of long-term debt is as follows at June 30:

		2017	2016
Note payable to a bank payable in 83 monthly payments of interest and principal totaling \$4,760 and one balloon payment of \$401,759 due on April 1, 2018. Interest is fixed at 3.57%. The note is secured by a deed of trust on property and the proceeds are to be used for store expansions and renovations.	\$	427,312	\$ 468,388
Note payable to a bank payable in 72 monthly payments of interest and principal totaling \$7,264 and one balloon payment of \$672,680 due on August 1, 2018. Interest is fixed at 3.68%. The note is secured by a deed of trust on property and the		<b>701.05</b> 2	<b>2</b> 00 0 17
proceeds are to be used for store expansions and renovations.		731,222	 789,945
Less: Current portion of debt	_	1,158,534 488,571	 1,258,333 99,723
Total long-term debt	\$	669,963	\$ 1,158,610
Estimated maturities on long-term debt as of June 30, 20	16 are	as follows:	
Year Ending			
June 30			
2018			\$ 488,571
2019			 669,963
			\$ 1,158,534



(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)
ABC Board's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)
Required Supplementary Information
Last four fiscal years

# Local Government Employees' Retirement System

1000	2017			2016	2015	2014
ABC Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)		0.0295%		0.0317%	0.2890%	0.0298%
ABC Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$	625,664	\$	142,178	\$ (186,477)	\$ 419,474
ABC Board's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,164,634	\$	1,919,632	\$ 1,863,329	\$ 1,854,330
ABC Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		28.90%		7.41%	-10.01%	22.62%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability **		91.45%		98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

<sup>\*\*</sup> This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)

ABC Board's Contributions

Required Supplementary Information

Last four fiscal years

# Local Government Employees' Retirement System

		2017		2016	2015		2014
Contractually required contribution	\$	160,184	\$	130,609 \$	139,597	\$	139,150
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	-	160,147	_	130,609	139,597	_	139,150
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	37	\$ _	\$	-	\$ _	-
ABC Board's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,164,634	\$	1,919,632 \$	1,863,329	\$	1,854,330
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		7.40%		6.80%	7.49%		7.50%

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)
Other Post-Employment Benefit Obligation
Required Supplementary Information
Schedules of Funding Progress

		Actuarial				UAAL
		Accrued				as a
	Actuarial	Liability (AAL)	Unfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	Projected	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Unit Credit	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
6/30/2017	\$	\$ 721,062	\$ 721,062	0.00%	\$ 2,164,634	33.3%
6/30/2016		715,543	715,543	0.00%	1,919,632	37.3%
6/30/2015		859,775	859,775	0.00%	1,968,568	43.7%

# **Schedule of Employer Contributions**

Fiscal		Annual	
Year	]	Required	Percentage
Ended	Co	ontribution	Contributed
6/30/2017	\$	25,657	168.9%
6/30/2016		25,376	186.6%
6/30/2015		30,367	182.2%

# DURHAM COUNTY ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL BOARD (A Component Unit of Durham County Government) SCHEDULE OF STORE, WAREHOUSE AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Store 1	Store 3	Store 4	Store 8	Store 9	Store 10	Store 11	Store 12	Store 14	Subtotal	Warehouse	Administrative	Total
Salaries and wages	\$ 186,533	\$ 251,787	\$ 177,865	\$ 164,972	\$ 114,376	\$ 227,604	\$ 177,828	\$ 215,286	\$ 188,938	\$ 1,705,189	\$ 246,787	\$ 478,498	\$ 2,430,474
FICA taxes	13,400	18,951	12,736	12,398	7,924	17,321	12,439	16,346	14,121	125,636	18,133	33,645	177,414
Pension expense	12,519	17,990	11,635	10,906	5,088	13,666	10,941	15,750	12,295	110,790	16,671	35,872	163,333
401(K) expense	3,088	3,596	2,399	3,417	1,431	3,394	3,427	3,745	3,255	27,752	4,058	11,148	42,958
Life insurance	428	645	432	430	159	623	405	542	460	4,124	624	1,270	6,018
Hospital insurance	21,493	29,083	19,211	19,457	7,188	28,918	16,922	16,724	19,747	178,743	22,203	77,370	278,316
Disability insurance	1,593	2,419	1,618	1,610	598	2,113	1,511	2,044	1,714	15,220	2,344	4,799	22,363
Dental insurance	1,179	1,514	1,315	1,027	559	1,414	971	1,208	1,625	10,812	1,258	2,526	14,596
Rent	-	-	79,294	-	-	-	-	-	-	79,294	-	11,927	91,221
Utilities	14,534	11,896	4,756	15,931	4,638	10,147	9,207	10,242	8,873	90,224	15,868	6,255	112,347
Telephone	1,550	2,280	2,059	1,837	2,274	2,311	2,986	1,927	1,458	18,682	4,247	14,291	37,220
Credit card expenses	34,597	60,296	40,966	32,352	-	54,888	59,730	47,968	63,457	394,254	-	-	394,254
Insurance - general	11,704	•	5,704	10,131	5,173	14,411	10,763	8,919	11,120	88,656	15,104	21,737	125,497
Supplies	13,630	· ·	10,240	9,216	1,959	17,168	16,571	12,895	15,000	115,355	5,871	6,617	127,843
Travel expense	313	392	1,239	689	188	349	19	705	669	4,563	33	16,988	21,584
Temporary help	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	109,189	4,704	113,893
Maintenance agreements	6,342	,	5,447	6,049	11,866	7,587	5,852	5,530	7,667	63,965	9,557	26,524	100,046
Building maintenance	3,553	5,052	4,429	4,214	2,376	4,219	6,856	8,969	5,399	45,067	5,879	3,660	54,606
Postage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,750	2,750
Professional services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	116,777	116,777
Dues and subscriptions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,300	4,300
Per diem - Board members	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,000	12,000
Yard maintenance	3,350		-	3,350	-	3,350	3,350	3,650	3,050	23,450	3,350	-	26,800
Security - alarm contracts	3,717	3,868	3,916	3,782	3,145	4,177	4,090	3,812	3,608	34,115	699	175	34,989
Vehicle expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,486	1,550	33,036
Gas and oil	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,311	730	6,041
Waste disposal	2,474	616	16	496	2,481	2,333	3,541	2,421	2,742	17,120	960	54	18,134
Advertising	-	=	=	=	-	=	=	=	-	=	=	1,990	1,990
Bottled water	319	571	399	326	-	475	339	351	251	3,031	452	410	3,893
Staff training and development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,651	2,651
Minor equipment	665		1,014	601	336	146	2,843	1,145	577	7,968	61	5,834	13,863
	336,981		386,690	303,191	171,759	416,614	350,591	380,179	366,026	3,164,010	520,145	907,052	4,591,207
Depreciation	27,365	30,482	17,297	24,100	1,817	30,454	60,189	20,127	21,543	233,374	22,698	27,713	283,785
	\$ 364,346	\$ 482,461	\$ 403,987	\$ 327,291	\$ 173,576	\$ 447,068	\$ 410,780	\$ 400,306	\$ 387,569	\$ 3,397,384	\$ 542,843	\$ 934,765	\$ 4,874,992

# DURHAM COUNTY ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL BOARD (A Component Unit of Durham County Government) SCHEDULE OF STORE, WAREHOUSE AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES Year Ended June 30, 2016

	 Store 1		Store 3		Store 4		Store 8		Store 9		Store 10		Store 11		Store 12		Store 14		Subtotal	V	Varehouse	Ad	ministrative		Total
Salaries and wages	\$ 199,721	\$	237,266	\$	153,212	\$	162,953	\$	98,908	\$	206,841	\$	186,374	\$	179,616	\$	190,054	\$	1,614,945	\$	178,615	\$	474,010	\$	2,267,570
FICA taxes	14,596		17,868		11,240		11,519		6,859		14,726		13,763		13,855		14,141		118,567		13,029		33,977		165,573
Pension expense	5,836		7,210		4,564		4,833		2,124		6,149		5,318		5,854		5,052		46,940		5,109		17,731		69,780
401(K) expense	1,482		2,035		2,565		2,658		1,089		2,191		3,025		3,304		2,113		20,462		2,623		7,372		30,457
Life insurance	454		572		376		362		151		507		409		450		396		3,677		492		1,356		5,525
Hospital insurance	21,555		24,034		19,138		20,159		7,509		24,590		19,822		14,629		18,536		169,972		24,237		86,757		280,966
Disability insurance	1,608		2,008		1,320		1,275		531		1,780		1,432		1,583		1,394		12,931		1,726		4,785		19,442
Dental insurance	1,178		1,086		718		716		500		885		1,081		794		872		7,830		1,096		2,364		11,290
Rent	-		-		64,704		-		-		-		-		-		-		64,704		-		-		64,704
Utilities	13,301		11,698		4,162		14,471		3,279		10,124		8,084		10,948		7,989		84,056		13,189		9,674		106,919
Telephone	1,471		1,367		1,575		1,076		1,510		1,670		1,785		1,455		1,155		13,064		4,311		18,317		35,692
Credit card expenses	35,546		56,991		39,743		31,972		-		53,585		58,279		46,291		62,284		384,691		-		-		384,691
Insurance - general	10,696		8,508		4,397		8,790		4,033		12,392		9,551		8,137		9,274		75,778		11,590		15,934		103,302
Supplies	14,252		20,377		10,216		9,372		2,291		18,104		18,009		13,080		15,280		120,981		2,117		5,690		128,788
Travel expense	634		327		2,459		780		315		406		308		1,474		1,043		7,746		150		14,564		22,460
Temporary help	-		-		_		_		-		_		-		_		-		-		121,747		15,863		137,610
Maintenance agreements	5,864		8,731		6,064		6,552		11,654		8,269		6,226		5,777		8,227		67,364		6,643		23,439		97,446
Building maintenance	6,863		2,591		5,560		5,625		1,432		9,437		14,711		23,435		2,760		72,414		4,353		8,256		85,023
Postage	-		-		_		_		-		-		-		_		-		-		_		2,522		2,522
Professional services	-		-		_		_		-		-		-		_		-		-		_		107,785		107,785
Dues and subscriptions	=		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		_		4,443		4,443
Per diem - Board members	-		-		_		_		-		-		-		_		-		-		_		12,600		12,600
Yard maintenance	2,993		2,993		_		2,993		-		2,993		2,993		2,993		2,993		20,951		2,993		-		23,944
Security - alarm contracts	3,839		4,144		3,611		3,509		2,993		3,600		3,690		3,558		3,405		32,349		1,164		-		33,513
Vehicle expense	-		-		-		_		-		_		-		_		-		-		22,615		1,597		24,212
Gas and oil	-		-		-		_		-		_		-		_		-		-		3,654		1,423		5,077
Waste disposal	2,033		613		-		493		2,337		2,195		3,426		2,057		2,386		15,540		851		-		16,391
Advertising	-		-		-		_		-		-		-		_		-		-		_		2,927		2,927
Bottled water	295		480		246		492		-		405		569		198		457		3,142		483		-		3,625
Staff training and development	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		4,113		4,113
Minor equipment	1,018	_	220	_	300	_	883	_	751	_	380	_	4,393	_	238	_	607	_	8,790	_	2,261		1,766		12,817
	345,235		411,119		336,170		291,483		148,266		381,229		363,248		339,726		350,418		2,966,894		425,048		879,265		4,271,207
Depreciation	27,199		29,219	_	16,101	_	22,952	_	1,796	_	29,477	_	43,366	_	19,420	_	20,468	_	209,998	_	22,900	_	26,772	_	259,670
	\$ 372,434	\$	440,338	\$_	352,271	\$_	314,435	\$_	150,062	\$_	410,706	\$_	406,614	\$_	359,146	\$_	370,886	\$_	3,176,892	\$_	447,948	\$	906,037	\$	4,530,877

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)
Reconciliation of Budget to Actual
June 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:	Zunger			(r (egiter (e)
Operating Revenues:				
	\$ 28,062,382	28,312,383	\$ 28,517,050	\$ 204,667
Mixed beverage sales	7,722,013	7,722,013	7,551,675	(170,338)
Wine sales	-	-	4,127	4,127
Total sales	35,784,395	36,034,396	36,072,852	38,456
Non-operating revenues:				
Interest income	288	288	323	35
Other income			113,119	113,119
Total revenues	35,784,683	36,034,684	36,186,294	151,610
EXPENDITURES:				
Total Taxes based on revenue:				
State excise tax	7,693,645	7,693,645	7,750,917	(57,272)
Mixed beverage tax (Revenue)	679,537	679,537	572,413	107,124
Mixed beverage tax (Human Resources)	69,498	69,498	57,241	12,257
Rehabilitation tax	135,981	135,981	94,573	41,408
Wine/mixer sales tax		<u> </u>	287	(287)
Total taxes based on revenue	8,578,661	8,578,661	8,475,431	103,230
Cost of goods sold	18,744,828	18,744,828	18,678,906	65,922
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Personnel expenses	3,062,323	3,230,937	3,135,472	95,465
Facilities expenses	388,028	411,028	375,088	35,940
Supplies and materials	149,784	149,784	148,349	1,435
Contract/professional services	236,600	253,565	230,670	22,895
Repairs and maintenance	135,660	147,660	139,177	8,483
Credit card fees	400,139	400,139	394,254	5,885
Travel, training and development	62,560	62,560	24,235	38,325
Other operating expenses	152,035	152,035	148,550	3,485
Miscellaneous-contingency	66,000	55,000		55,000
Total operating expense	4,653,129	4,862,708	4,595,795	266,913
Debt Service	144,300	144,300	139,529	4,771
Capital Outlay	324,300	716,475	448,147	268,328
Total expenditures	32,445,218	33,046,972	32,337,808	709,164

(A Component Unit of Durham County Government)
Reconciliation of Budget to Actual
June 30, 2016

	Original Budget		Revised Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
DISTRIBUTIONS: Law Enforcement \$ Alcohol education/rehabilitation County and Municipal Total distributions	425,571 211,127 1,606,977 2,243,675	\$	436,867 211,127 2,333,333 2,981,327	\$	382,715 213,420 2,333,333 2,929,468	\$ 54,152 (2,293) - 51,859
Total expenditures and distributions	34,688,893		36,028,299		35,267,276	761,023
Revenues over (under) expenditures	1,095,790		6,385		919,018	912,633
Other financing sources (uses): Working capital retained	(1,095,790)	_	(6,385)	_		
Revenues over expenditures and other financing uses \$		\$_		\$_	919,018	\$ 912,633
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual: Reconciling Items: Increase in net pension liability Decrease in deferred outflows of resources Decrease in deferred inflows of resources Pension expense Depreciation Loss on disposal of assets Capital outlay Debt service Total				- -	(483,486) 419,533 50,452 (163,333) (283,785) 90,711 448,147 99,799 178,038	
Change in Net Position				\$_	1,097,056	